Barcelona-
La Font del Gos (ES)

Volver a la Frontera/Barrio

Restoring environmental balance, advancing climate resilience, and fostering inclusive economic growth by resoiling degraded land, revitalizing productive habitats, and strengthening ecological corridors and social connections between La Font del Gos and the Barcelona Metropolitan Area.

1

scale

Territorial (XL)
Metropolitan (L/M)

territorial risks and metropolitan issues

Soil erosion, biodiversity loss, land degradation, lack of maintenance, exposure to climate-related hazards, and social and spatial isolation between Font del Gos and the Barcelona Metropolitan Area.

coordination and stakeholder

Consortium Parc Natural de Collserola
Transport Metropolitan de Barcelona (TMB)/ Ajuntament de Barcelona

dynamic strategy

S1-Resoiling existing forest ecosystems
S2-Resourcing productive habitats through periurban and rural agriculture
S3-Foster accessibility through improved public transportation

Climate change mitigation and adaptation through forest management
Inclusive economic growth by redistributing and reinvesting local resources
Reduce social and spatial isolation

strategy replicability ***adaptive data monitoring*** ***year 0 - n***

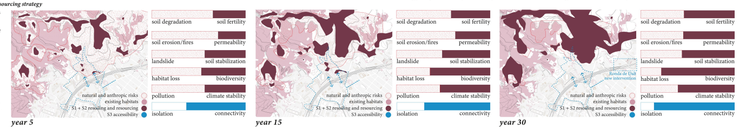
Dynamic Masterplan

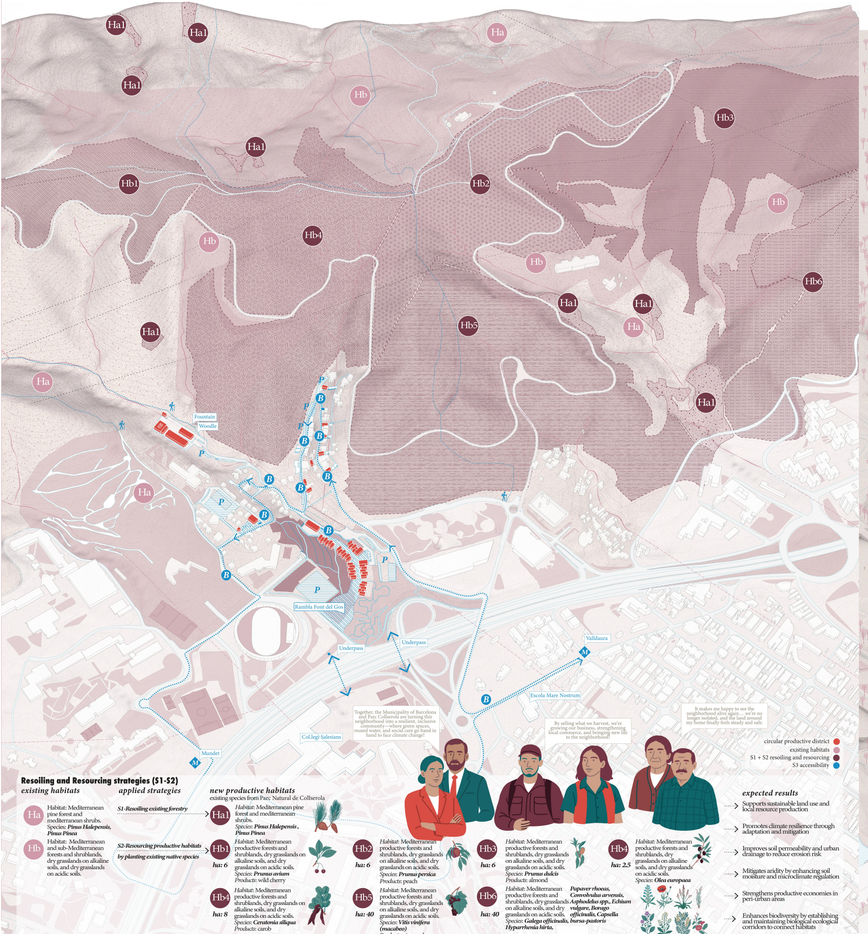
adaptive data monitoring of land resourcing strategy

The graph shows how continuous data monitoring identifies risks like flooding, fires, aridity, and soil degradation using factors such as slope and land use.

The data guides adaptation by restoring forests and supporting sustainable agriculture, while promoting mitigation through improved public transportation connectivity to lower emissions.

It highlights the project's integrated metropolitan and territorial approach and its expected positive impacts over 5, 10, and 15 years, promoting climate resilience for ecosystems and communities.





Resoiling and Resourcing strategies (S1-S2)

existing habitats

applied strategies

Ha Habitat: Mediterranean pine forest and mediterranean shrubs.
Species: ***Pinus Halepensis, Pinus Pinea***

Hb Habitat: Mediterranean and sub-Mediterranean forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.

S1-Resoiling existing forestry

S2-Resourcing productive habitats by planting existing native species

new productive habitats

existing species from Parc Natural de Collserola

Ha1 Habitat: Mediterranean pine forest and mediterranean shrubs.
Species: ***Pinus Halepensis , Pinus Pinea***

Hb1 *hat: 6* Habitat: Mediterranean productive forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.
Species: ***Prunus avium***
Products: wild cherry

Hb2 *hat: 6* Habitat: Mediterranean productive forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.
Species: ***Prunus persica***
Products: peach

Hb3 *hat: 6* Habitat: Mediterranean productive forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.
Species: ***Prunus dulcis***
Products: almond

Hb4 *hat: 2.5* Habitat: Mediterranean productive forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.
Species: ***Olea europaea***

Hb5 *hat: 40* Habitat: Mediterranean productive forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.
Species: ***Vitis vinifera (resultados)***
Products: vineyard

Hb6 *hat: 40* Habitat: Mediterranean productive forests and shrublands, dry grasslands on alkaline soils, and dry grasslands on acidic soils.
Species: ***Papaver rhoeas, Convolvulus arvensis, Asphodelus spp., Echium vulgare, Borago officinalis, Capsella Bursa-pastoris Hypericum hirsu.***

- circular productive district
- existing habitats
- S1 + S2 resoiling and resourcing
- S3 accessibility

expected results

- Supports sustainable land use and local resource production
- Promotes climate resilience through adaptation and mitigation
- Improves soil permeability and urban drainage to reduce erosion risk
- Mitigates aridity by enhancing soil moisture and microclimate regulation
- Strengthens productive economies in peri-urban areas
- Enhances biodiversity by establishing and maintaining biological ecological corridors to connect habitats

Barcelona-
La Font del Gos (ES)

Volver a la Frontera/Barrio

Resourcing land and advancing circular systems reduce environmental impact, enhance biodiversity, and stimulate local growth and production by improving access, livability, public spaces, and community identity—attracting new workers and residents.

2

cross - scale

Metropolitan (M)
Local Barrio (S)

metropolitan and local issues

Fragmented planning; social isolation; neglected urban area; lack of infrastructures, facilities and services; low quality public spaces; lack of job opportunities; lacking building legality; unsafe buildings; inadequate buildings maintenance.

coordination and local community partecipation

- Consortium Parc Natural de Collserola
- Transport Metropolitans de Barcelona (TMB) / Ajuntament de Barcelona
- Community Groups (residents; local businesses; social and cultural organisations; CO-OPS)
- Local Committees (Barrio Font del Gos)

circular and dynamic strategy

Foster land resourcing to circular production
Reducing production impacts through recovery
Improving livability through facilities
Improving accessibility at the local scale

foreseen scenarios

Sustainable local growth, attracting new workers and residents
Biodiversity enhancement, climate change mitigation
Enhancing community dignity, engagement and identity
Increased livability, improved public spaces, and slow mobility in the barrio

strategy replicability ***year 0 - n***

Circular Productive Barrio

circular and dynamic strategy

1 *Land Resourcing*
Strategically identifying and activating underused urban land for productive agricultural use.

2 *Food and Botanical Production*
Utilizing the resourced land to cultivate vegetables, fruits, herbs, and other plants.

3 *Distribution*
Creating efficient, low-impact systems to distribute harvested produce - efficient, low-carbon, and community-based.

4 *"Prosumers" Consume*
Residents both grow and consume food, strengthening local food autonomy and engagement.

5 *Selling (local economies)*
Produce is sold through markets or co-ops, supporting small-scale entrepreneurship and economic resilience.

6 *Livability*
Facilities for prosumers enhance quality of life and empower peri-urban growth.

7 *Mobility / Accessibility*
Peri-urban farms and food hubs are connected by walkable, bikeable routes, and public transport (bus stops, monorails, pedestrian cross).

8 *Recovery and Sustainability*
Ecological restoration through circular systems—linking land, water, energy, and biodiversity management.

land production expected data

- Vineyards = 324 tons grapes =243,000L wine.
- Olive grown =162 tons olives = 23,920L oil.
- Fruits and herbs =500 tons.
- Total cultivated area: = 121.5 hectares.

green job+ local incomes expected data

- 37 Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) workers:
- 25 permanent (agriculture, processing, retail, community roles).
- 12 seasonal (grape harvesters, olive pickers, herb processing assistants).

infrastructure + housing expected data

- New housing: 15 new housing (10 to replace uninhabitable houses, 5 for new permanent residents).
- Seasonal housing: 10 beds (4 shared rooms, 2 singles) with kitchen, bathrooms, lounge.
- Community services: kindergarten, wine bar, pharmacy, herb shop, local stores, info point.

energy and biodiversity expected data

Energy self-sufficient production powered by biomass from composting, solar panels, and integrated agrivoltaics, ensuring a net-zero energy system with additional energy demand. while enhancing biodiversity through the creation and preservation of ecological corridors that support local wildlife and habitat connectivity.

circular data monitoring

Barcelona-
La Font del Gos (ES)

Volver a la Frontera/Barrio

A resilient, low-carbon neighborhood that thoughtfully integrates sustainable, resource-efficient housing, renewable energy systems, and inclusive, vibrant public spaces—significantly enhancing everyday living, strengthening community life, and improving the dignity and safety of existing new homes.

3

scale

Local Barrio (S)

local issues

Social isolation; lacking physical accessibility to houses; neglected urban area; lack of facilities and services; low quality public spaces; lacking building legality; unsafe buildings; inadequate buildings maintenance.

coordination and local community partecipation

- Ajuntament de Barcelona
- Community Groups (residents; local businesses; social and cultural organisations; CO-OPS)
- Local Committees (Barrio Font del Gos)

local strategy and actions

New facilities for everyday living and community use.
Building a resilient and low carbon neighborhood.
Building new public spaces, with recyclable, and local materials.
Renewable energy system and material reinforcement.

foreseen scenarios

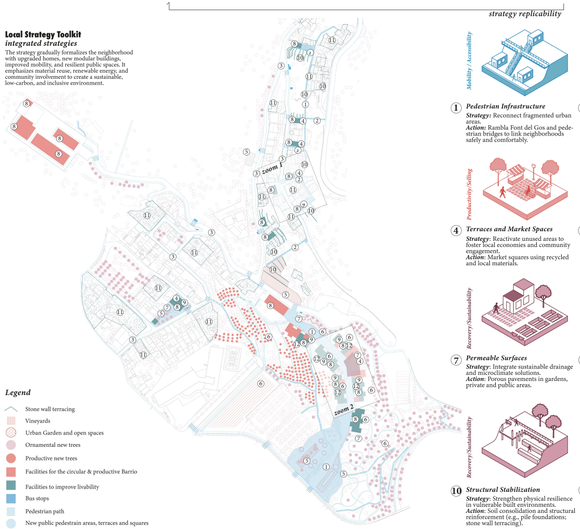
- Dignity and safety of existing housing.
- New circular housing, with flexible and adaptable layout.
- Promotion of community, sharing places for social integration .
- Energy efficiency that models sustainable living and circular resource cycles.

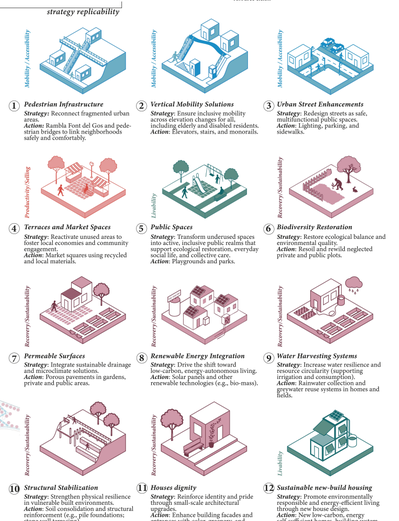
strategy replicability

Local Strategy Toolkit

integrated strategies

The strategy gradually formalizes the neighborhood with upgraded homes, new modular buildings, improved mobility, and resilient public spaces. It emphasizes material reuse, renewable energy, and community involvement to create a sustainable, low-carbon, and inclusive environment.





1 ***Pedestrian Infrastructure***
Strategy: Reconnect fragmented urban areas.
Action: Rambla Font del Gos and pedestrian bridges to link neighborhoods safely and comfortably.

2 ***Vertical Mobility Solutions***
Strategy: Ensure inclusive mobility across elevation changes for all, including elderly and disabled residents.
Action: Elevators, stairs, and monorails.

3 ***Urban Street Enhancements***
Strategy: Redesign streets as safe, multifunctional public spaces.
Action: Lighting, parking, and sidewalks.

4 ***Terraces and Market Spaces***
Strategy: Reactivate unused areas to foster local economies and community engagement.
Action: Market squares using recycled and local materials.

5 ***Public Spaces***
Strategy: Transform underused spaces into active, inclusive public realm that support ecological restorations, everyday social life, and collective care.
Action: Playgrounds and parks.

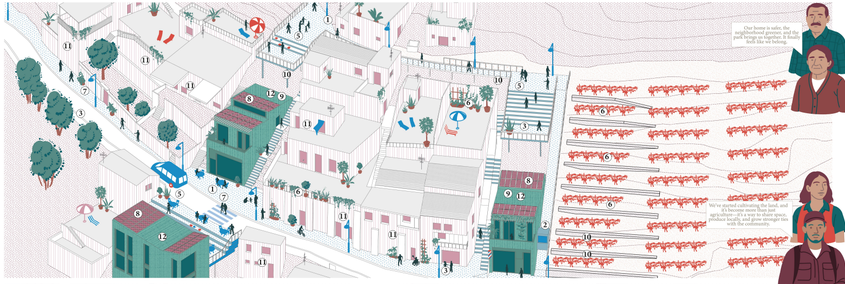
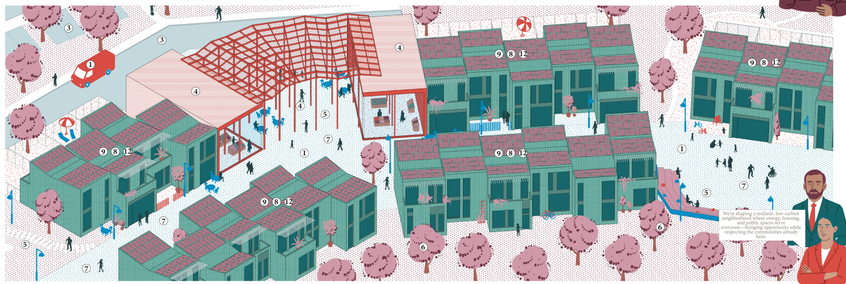
6 ***Biodiversity Restoration***
Strategy: Restore ecological balance and environmental quality.
Action: Reseal and rewild neglected private and public plots.

7 ***Permeable Surfaces***
Strategy: Integrate sustainable drainage and microclimate solutions.
Action: Porous pavements in gardens, private and public areas.

8 ***Renewable Energy Integration***
Strategy: Drive the shift toward low-carbon, energy-autonomous living.
Action: Solar panels and other renewable technologies (e.g., bio-mass).

9 ***Water Harvesting Systems***
Strategy: Increase water resilience and resource circularity (supporting irrigation and consumption).
Action: Rainwater collection and greywater reuse systems in homes and fields.

10 ***Structural Stabilization***
Strategy: Strengthen physical resilience in vulnerable built environments.
Action: Soil consolidation and structural reinforcement (e.g., pile foundations; stone wall terracing).

11 ***Houses dignity***
Strategy: Reinforce identity and pride through small-scale architectural upgrades.
Action: Enhance building facades and entrances with color, greenery, and design features.

12 ***Sustainable new-build housing***
Strategy: Promote environmentally responsible and energy-efficient living through new house design.
Action: Build new, energy self-sufficient homes, building system with prefabricated timber frame dry assembled.