

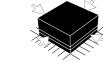
frondneim, Norways third targest city, is undergoing a process of cultural and spatial redefinition. As it shifts toward at more by polycentric urban model, revitalizing the historic center of Mi
diffuse the comes both a challenge and a necessity. The new museum is envisioned as an innovative urban catalyst, bringing together the city's two major art institutions under one roof inside one transparent volume while establishing that resonates onto advance within care of the breather are life into a variously. a dynamic public space that breathes new life into a previously

Designed for the city: Built upon the repurposed underground parking garage, the envisioned volume is compact, to generously offer public space and green to the city, but also rational, articulated and rigid. This strategy liberates space at ground level for a generous landscape of green areas and open, interstitial public spaces. These outdoor 'voids' are treated as active zones (voids not of absence, but of possibility) interwoven with a new landscape and carefully designed to foster social interaction, cultural expression, city life.

eability: The building's ground floor is accessible from all sides, dissolving the traditional museum threshold. A central atrium acts as the museum's urban living room, facilitating a fluid continuity between city and institution. This space, equipped with a crane and sliding panels, is both a place for gathering and an operational huly, supporting transparent logistics and event infrastructure.

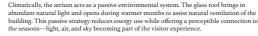
ne museum is conceived not in isoiation but in col-aboration with its neighbors. A highly flexible audi-orium can serve as rehearsal space for the adjacent heater or host events that overflow from other venues. reserved for cultural tenants, offering private galleries, reserved for cultural tenants, offering private galleries, other museums, or independent actors the opportunity to engage the museum's audience. Additionally, a section of the existing parking structure is reimagined as a "sound box," a space for sound-based installations or night-time events co-curated with Byscenen, the nearby music venue.





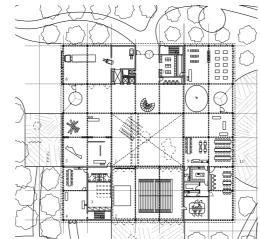


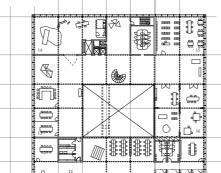


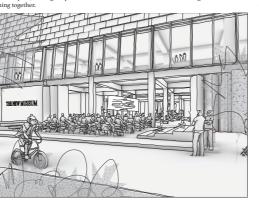


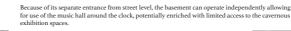
walls with minimal openings are designed as monumental backdrops for large-scale artworks, suspended installations, or video projections. These can be viewed not only from the ground floor but from every level, turning circulation into an act of engagement. The atrium is not only the crux of the various wings of the museum, but also the groundwork for the

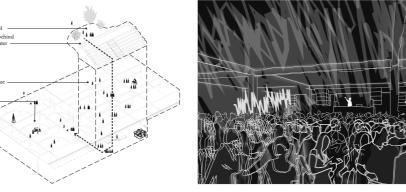
A sculptural staircase winds along the opposite edge, stitching the museum's levels together. From here, the atrium is revealed in sections, like a vertical gallery unfolding with every step.More than a void, the atrium is a dynamic interior landscape—connecting people, art, and environment in a single continuous volume.











The new intuseum in 1 rotonneum's the architectural convergence or two institutions. Trondheim Kunstmuseum (TKM) and the Nordenfjeldske Kunstindustrimuseum (NKIM), With one rooted in fine arts and the other in design and crafts, the union of these museums creates a cultural institution of unique scope, one that not only conserves and exhibits but also interacts with, engages, educates and evolves with its

The building unfolds across multiple levels, structured as a vertical progression of experiences. The ground and first floors are extroverted and porous, home to public programs, collaborative spaces, a museum store, café, and the central atrium. The-

Anchored to a timber grid, the museum forms a flexible skeleton where walls shift as shows evolve. Basement and top tiers (Loz-Loj) are for art; middle floors stay civic and porous. The structural rhythm works like graph paper for curators, letting rooms recombine freely without altering the roof. Even climate and acoustics adapt via baf-

recombine freely without altering the roof. Even climate and acoustics adapt via baffles nested between beams. No gallery repeats sizes stretch or compress, cellings rise
or dip, and façades are cut with vertical and horizontal openings that frame the city
or the atrium void. Deep beams allow for flexible layouts, so rooms can vary in shape and scale from small, intimate spaces to wide, open halls and tall, double-height
galleries. Light also shifts as you move through the building: some rooms are softly lit
with artificial light, others glow with natural light from above, while some open sideways toward the city or the central atrium. This variety gives each artwork the right
space to breathe, and offers visitors moments to slow down and reflect. The upper gallaries with their generous, "mare coiling ray ideal for known can be seen and in mare."

leries, with their generous 7-meter ceilings, are ideal for large-scale pieces and immer sive installations. Wide openings keep the experience fluid, with pauses and pockets

sive installations. Wide openings keep the experience fluid, with pauses and pockets for rest along the way.

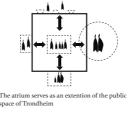
Below ground, a unique feature awaits: the hypostyle hall. Created by subtracting a floor slab from the existing parking structure, this cavernous space serves as a sculptural gallery. Its gently sloping preserved floor evokes a subtle sense of movement, recalling the spatial drama of Guggenheim's spirals or Claude Parent's oblique planes. The room's forest of columns, filtered light, and unconventional geometry create a contemplating almost except dremogher.

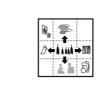
Altogether, the museum is not a blank slate but a carefully composed architecture of

plative, almost sacred atmosphere

the new museum for Trondheim

Samspill





ties of the exhibition spaces around it



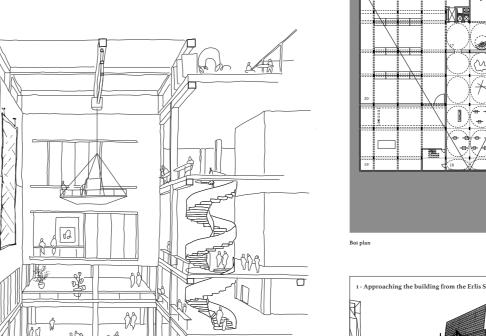
The east and west walls of the atrium are equipped with sliding doors that connect the main exhibition galleries with the atrium for special events, performances and logistical purpo-

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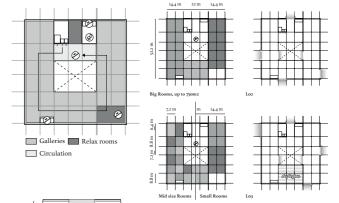
The north wall is open and allows experiencing the different exhibitions while walking up the building. The core provides access to the walkable green roof, which provides solar panels and a leisurly getaway with views of Trondheim.

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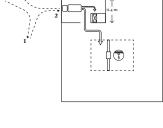


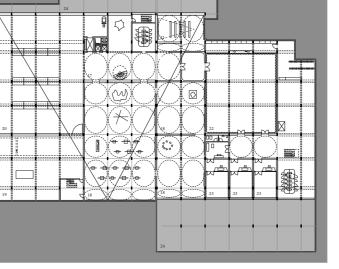
Samspill

the new museum for Trondheim

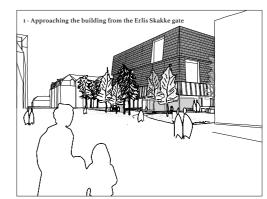


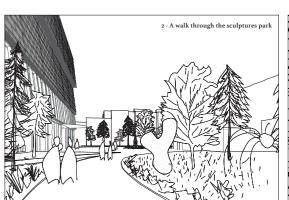
Generic ys. Specific



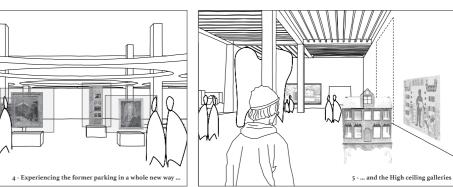


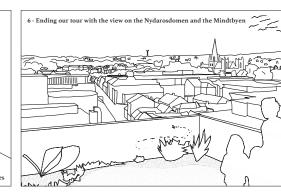
1 Atrium - 17 Lobby Bo1 - 18 Hypostyle Exhibition spaces - 19 Wood Workshop - 20 Storage/ Back of house 21 Projections Room - 22 Sound Box - 23 Recording studios - 24 Mechanical - 25 Gallery - 26 Relax space

















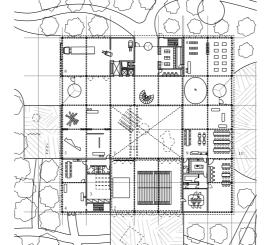


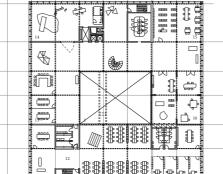
At the core of the museum lies as insoft defining features a vertical artiful that stretches uninterrupted through the entire height of the building. Crowned by a large glazed roof, this void is the new museum's polyvalent essence that is brought to the spotlight. A space simultaneously civic, climatic, logistical, and curatorial—a living section of the museum tha invites visitors to look, gather and discuss. on the ground floor, the atrium functions as an urban commons: a generous, multi-use spa

ce open in all directions, blurring the boundary between inside and out. This is where the museum meets the city, enabling events, informal encounters, and collaborative programs with neighboring institutions. Yet the atrium's role extends far beyond the entry sequence it is the spatial and functional backbone of the building.









public space, making it a place where the inside and outside of the building are co-